

### GIORNATE CARDIOLOGICHE TORINESI





# How toxic is uric acid?

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*Uric acid* is a heterocyclic compound of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen and hydrogen. It is the *end product of purine metabolism* in humans. Uric acid monovalent sodium salt (urate) is soluble in plasma at pH 7.4, and *at physiological concentrations acts as an antioxidant.* 

#### Rheumatology 2010; 49: 2010-5.





«The aged man that coffersup his gold / Is plagued with cramps and gouts and painful fits»

Hyppocrathes

Antoni van Leuuwenhoek (1679)

Shakespeare W. "The rape of Lucrece" 1594

### Acid Uric and Cardiovascular Diseases

#### **Trend of Publications on PubMed from 1947 to 2018**



#### The Cardiovascular Disease Continuum Validated: Clinical Evidence of Improved Patient Outcomes

#### **CVD** Continuum:

a chain of events initiated by a myriad of *risk factors*, progressing through numerous physiological pathways and processes to the development of *end-stage heart disease* 



Dzau VJ. et al. Circulation. 2006;114:2850-2870.



dysfunction, initiating a cascade of events, including alterations in vasoactive mediators, inflammatory responses, and vascular remodeling, that culminates in target-organ pathology Atherothrombosis and progressive CV disease Target organ damage Coxidative and mechanical stress Inflammation Risk factors Death

Dzau VJ. et al. Circulation. 2006;114:2850-2870.

# What is the role of Uric Acid in the CVD Continuum?

Uric acid in the pathogenesis of metabolic, renal, and cardiovascular diseases: A review

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### Hyperuricemia is an indipendent risk factor for insuline resistence and Type 2 DM



Intracellular UA stimulates adenosine monophosphate deydrogenase and AMPD stimulates hepatic gluconeogenesis



Hyperuricemia decreases endothelial NO synthase, causing an increased insuline resistence

Journal of Advanced Research 8 (2017) 537–548



Hyperuricemia induces the epithelial sodium channel in the distal nephron with consequent decrease in renal sodium excretion, increase in sodium retention and Hypertension

UA is an important factor underlying excess fat storege. When AMPK activity is reduced, excess fat infiltration occurs; AMPD has opposing effect on lipogenesis and hepatic steatosis



Journal of Advanced Research 8 (2017) 537–548

Genetic contributors to serum uric acid levels in Mexicans and their effect on premature coronary artery disease.

Macias-Kauffer LR et al. Int J Cardiol. 2018

**Relation of Elevated Serum Uric Acid Level to Endothelial Dysfunction in Patients with Acute Coronary Syndrome.** 

Saito Y. et al. J Atheroscler Thromb. 2018

Uric acid levels are associated with endothelial dysfunction and severity of coronary atherosclerosis during a first episode of acute coronary syndrome.

Gaubert M et al. Purinergic Signal. 2018

Hyperuricemia as a prognostic factor after acute coronary syndrome.

Lopez Pineda A. et al. Atherosclerosis. 2018

Prognostic impact of elevated serum uric acid levels on long-term outcomes in patients with chronic heart failure: A post-hoc analysis of the GISSI-HF.

Mantovani A. et al. Metabolism. 2018

Gu J. Serum uric acid is associated with incidence of heart failure with preserved ejection fraction and cardiovascular events in patients with arterial hypertension.

Gu J et al. J Clin Hypertens 2018

Serum uric acid as a potential marker for heart failure risk in men on antihypertensive treatment: The British Regional Heart Study.

Wannamethee SG. et al. Int J Cardiol. 2018.

Prevalence of Hyperuricemia in Patients With Acute Heart Failure With Either Reduced or Preserved Ejection Fraction.

Palazzuoli A. et al. Am J Cardiol. 2017

Hyperuricemia is an independent competing risk factor for atrial fibrillation

#### 49.292 subjects enrolled without cv risk factors (database Center for Preventive Medicine in Tokyo) mean age 42 y, 36% males

	Non-AF	AF	Р
Number of subjects	49,231	61	< 0.001
Age	$41.9\pm10.0$	59.1 ± 11.0	< 0.001
Male sex	36.1%	90.2%	< 0.001
Height (cm)	$163.6 \pm 8.3$	$169.2 \pm 7.3$	< 0.001
Weight (kg)	56.9 ± 10.5	67.0 ± 10.0	< 0.001
Body mass index (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	$21.1\pm2.7$	$23.4\pm2.8$	< 0.001
Systolic BP (mmHg)	$110.1 \pm 12.7$	$115.7 \pm 2.8$	0.001
Diastolic BP (mmHg)	$68.3\pm8.5$	$72.2~\pm~7.9$	< 0.001
Pulse rate (bpm)	$73.3\pm10.3$	$76.1 \pm 11.5$	0.031
Smoking	33.9%	68.9%	< 0.001
Drinking habits	62.0%	72.1%	0.084
% volume capacity (%)	110.2 ± 13.8	105.8 ± 16.9	0.011
FEV1/FVC (%)	$82.3\pm6.8$	$74.3\pm7.4$	< 0.001
White blood cell (/µL)	$5064\pm1334$	$5298 \pm 1521$	0.171
Hemoglobin (g/dL)	$13.4\pm1.4$	$14.5~\pm~1.1$	< 0.001
Total protein (g/dL)	$7.05\pm0.35$	$7.04\pm0.42$	0.860
Albumin (g/dL)	$4.41\pm0.22$	$4.26  \pm  0.24$	< 0.001
Total bilirubin (mg/dL)	0.84 ± 0.31	$0.97\pm0.30$	0.001
AST (U/L)	$20.4\pm8.3$	$25.1\pm6.6$	< 0.001
ALT (U/L)	$18.5\pm13.8$	$23.7\pm10.3$	0.003
BUN (mg/dL)	$12.7\pm3.1$	$14.8\pm3.0$	< 0.001
Serum creatinine (mg/dL)	$0.69\pm0.14$	$0.90\pm0.12$	< 0.001
eGFR (mL/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> )	$85.7\pm14.6$	76.9 ± 13.5	< 0.001
Sodium (mEq/L)	$141.3\pm1.8$	$142.1 \pm 1.7$	0.001
Potassium (mEq/L)	$4.08\pm0.27$	$4.23\pm0.27$	< 0.001
Chloride (mEq/L)	$106.2\pm1.8$	$106.2\pm1.8$	0.860
CRP (mg/dL)	$0.12\pm0.27$	$0.12\pm0.09$	0.999
Serum uric acid (mg/dL)	4.84 ± 1.26	6.26 ± 1.46	< 0.001



Serum UA levels were analyzed over 3 years: in AF UA was significantly higher than that in SR (5.91 versus 6.28 mg/dL, p =0.001)

Masanari Kuwabara et al. Int Journal of Cardiol 231 (2017) 137–142

### **Mechanisms of AF**

Trigger

### Substrate

Anatomical: Atrial dilatation, ↑ deposition of collagen and ↑ fibrosis, Hypertrophy,

Electrophysiological: Short ERP, ERP dispersion, lack of ERP rate adaptation intraatrial conduction delay, functional conduction block. APC, post-extrasystolic pause, long-short cycle

> Autonomic Nervous System

> > Vagal Adrenergic



The macrophages can engulf uric acid crystal (UAC)  $\rightarrow$  secretion of IL-1 $\beta \rightarrow$  proliferation and differentiation of fibroblasts to myofibroblasts  $\rightarrow$  production of cytokines, chemokines and TGF $\beta$ 1  $\rightarrow$  increase collagen production and deposition  $\rightarrow$  fibrosis  $\rightarrow$  structural remodeling

International Journal of Cardiology 231 (2017) 177–178

# Hyperuricemia and Risk of Stroke: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis

### 16 prospective studies, 238.449 pts included

#### Study ID ES (95% CI) Combined Lehto 1998 1.91 (1.24, 2.94) Subtotal (I-squared = .%, p = .) 1.91 (1.06, 2.76) Men Chien 2005 1.33 (0.73, 2.42) Bos 2006 1.41 (0.90, 2.23) Hozawa 2006 1.63 (0.83, 3.19) Subtotal (I-squared = 0.0%, p = 0.920 1.42 (0.94, 1.90) Women Chien 2005 1.52 (0.76, 3.06) Bos 2006 1.45 (1.05, 2.01) Hozawa 2006 1.27 (0.70, 2.30) Subtotal (I-squared = 0.0%, p = 0.915) 1.42 (1.03, 1.80) Heterogeneity between groups: p = 0.564 Overall (I-squared = 0.0%, p = 0.960) 47 (1.19, 1.76) 0 Normouricemia Hyperuricemia

Stroke Incidence

#### Stroke Mortality



Seo Young Kim et al. Arthritis Rheum. 2009 61(7): 885–92

### Serum Uric Acid and Cognitive Function in Community-Dwelling Older Adults

#### Number (%) in lowest quartile low-moderate UA high UA **Cognitive domain** (n=71) (n=25)Odd Ratio (95% CI) General verba 16 (23) 8 (32) General visuospatial 9 (36) 15 (21) Processing speed \* 11 (16) 13 (52) Working memory \*\* 13 (18) 11 (44) Verbal memory \*\*\* 14 (20) 10 (40) Visual memory 18 (25) 4 (16) Verbal fluency 18 (25) 6 (24) \*p<0.001 \*\*p<0.01 \*\*\*p<0.05 -2 Schretlen DJ, et al. Neurophychology, 2007; 21: 1, 136–140

## How toxic is uric acid?

### Antioxidant action



### How toxic is uric acid?

